

PARTIAL REPLACEMENT

Unicondylar Knee Replacement (UKR)

When only a single compartment of the knee joint is arthritic, it may not be necessary to have a complete total joint replacement. UKR can provide durable pain relief, can be performed in a minimally invasion fashion, and allows the patient to go home from the surgery center or hospital the day after surgery. In the appropriately selected patient, UKR has an excellent long term track record, equivalent to total knee replacement in several studies. UKR involves replacing only the one compartment affected by arthritis, while leaving the remaining healthy areas of the knee alone. One of the more common indications for UKR is in the younger patient who has developed arthritis after having the meniscus surgically removed many years ago. The partial replacement can allow for rapid recovery and quick return to activity in the appropriate patient.

Patellofemoral Replacement (PFR)

Similar to UKR, PFR may be possible when arthritis is limited to the patella(kneecap). Isolated patellofemoral arthritis is not common, and is found mostly in females. For these individuals, patellofemoral replacement may have the same benefits as UKR regarding shorter recovery time and faster return to function.

Ask your doctor if one of these procedures might be an option for you should you need knee replacement surgery.

Isolated patellofemoral arthritis is not common, and is found mostly in females.

